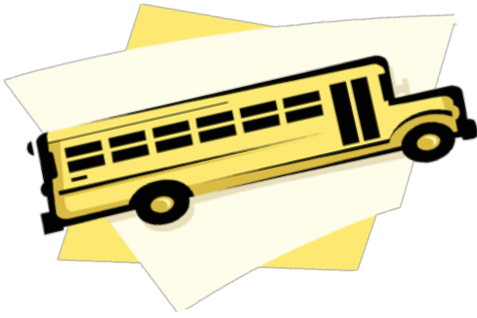


STUDENTS' VOICE



15th school of Piraeus



**Five-day trip to Thessaloniki–
Lake of Kerkini –Edessa-Vergina.**



Recycling in Piraeus 2013



Football Champions of Piraeus 2013



Our traditional dancing group

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Created and Written
By the students

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Editorial

By virtue of the fact that the English newspaper of the 15th High school of Pireaus is a student conceived and produced publication, as well as a product of an academic elective program, certain jobs had to be done to meet the great demands involved in such a project.

Student's Voice is not only a teaching tool for the craft of journalism, but it also constitutes a means to inform, to entertain and to provide a forum for the opinion of the students, the teachers and to exchange ideas on issues of importance to all its readers.

In this current issue we will cover academics, activities, in addition to fascinating articles, reviews, international days, strange but funny stuff, you name it.

An English newspaper is far from being an easy task, however, with the fine cooperation between the newly-born authors/journalists and the teachers we are happy to prove to you that hard work can also be fun. We hope you will enjoy every part of it.



School visit to the Acropolis



The traditional dancing group of 15th High school won the 1st prize in two-day music and dancing youth charity festival that took place on 11th and 12th May 2013 in Veakio theatre.

We produce more rubbish today than ever before, on average each household in Britain produces about a tonne of waste every year. Much of this waste contains potentially useful materials such as paper and board, glass, metals and textiles which could be recycled, reducing the amount of rubbish, creating less pollution and saving energy.



The amount of rubbish we produce has been escalating over the last 40 years. There has been a gradual change in shopping habits and people's attitudes to throwing things away. The personal service provided by shop-keepers has been replaced by self-service in supermarkets where the goods are often highly packaged; often loose items are packed together and priced to speed up payment at the check-outs. Some goods are elaborately wrapped to make them look more attractive, put into plastic bags and then loaded into plastic carrier bags at the checkout. A Women's Environmental Network group bought a trolley-load of 102 basic items - the shopping for a family for two weeks. They found that there was a total of 543 pieces of packaging

with some items wrapped in up to five layers!

On average a family of four throws away about two sacks of rubbish a week, most of which could be recycled. The figures below show the main constituents of household waste:

Paper and card	18%
Garden waste	21%
Kitchen waste	17%
Glass	7%
Metal and white goods	8%
Plastic	7%

The amounts are quite staggering. Each person in a year generates 10 times their own weight in household rubbish, throwing away an estimated 90 drink cans, 107 bottles and jars, two trees' worth of paper, 70 food cans and 45kg of plastic.

Action

If there is no choice, buy products which are contained in the least amount of packaging. Buying in bulk helps since items packaged in small quantities produce more waste than those packaged in large quantities. Packaging made of paper or cardboard is preferable to plastic and glass bottles are better than plastic ones, especially if they are returnable.

Recycling Organic Waste

Organic waste includes anything which is biodegradable such as food waste, newspaper, eggshells, natural fibre clothes, wood shavings,

leaves and other garden waste. The more water organic matter contains, the faster it will decay. Compost for the garden can be made from organic matter which is broken down by earthworms, bacteria and other decomposers releasing nutrients which help plants to grow.

Recycling Glass

Glass makes up another 7% of household rubbish. Every year, the average family uses about 500 glass bottles and jars in Britain, the equivalent of nine items a week per household. Glass is completely recyclable yet we throw away 1.5 million tonnes of it a year. Every tonne of old glass used saves 135 litres of fuel and replaces 12 tonnes of raw materials. Despite these obvious advantages only about 15% of the glass used in Britain is recycled compared with over 50% in Europe as a whole. By December 2006, we need to reach a recycling rate of 60% to meet the EU Packaging Directive.

Returnable Bottles

Even more energy is saved if bottles are not melted down but are re-used instead. A collection system already exists for milk bottles which are returned for re-use up to 20 times. Bottles are the easiest containers to re-use and many manufacturers could be using them instead of plastic or metal. Although bottle banks encourage the use of throw-away bottles, in the absence of bottle re-use schemes they are better than nothing.

Recycling Metals

Iron, steel, tin, copper and aluminium can all be recycled. The recovery of iron and steel has been carried out in the UK for more than a century and is still an important source of raw materials for steel making.

Recycling Aluminium

Charities often raise funds by collecting and recycling crushed cans. Some cans have a symbol on the side identifying them as aluminium. If not, use a magnet to test the side of the can (some steel cans have an aluminium top and bottom). If it is not magnetic then it is made of aluminium. Put the ring pull inside the can and then crush the can and store it for collection.

Recycling Paper

Recycled paper has to be de-inked and then chemically treated to separate the fibres. Different grades of waste paper have different recycling values: waste paper from offices which is high-quality paper and only lightly inked, is particularly valuable.

The manufacture of recycled paper uses only half the amount of energy and water used in making virgin paper. New paper is often white, not because this is paper's natural colour but because it is bleached. The bleach used in making white pulp can cause appalling water pollution. Toxic wastes such as dioxin are amongst the other wastes discharged from pulp mills. Yet until recently there was little control of the

waste being discharged. Recycled paper tends to be slightly grainy and grey or light green. There is no need to use bright-white paper when a high quality recycled paper could easily be substituted for most uses.

Waste paper can also be used as animal bedding, fuel logs and pellets and, suitably treated, as insulation in the home. Waste products can become a resource with a little ingenuity.

Making recycled paper

Soak some old newspapers in a bucket overnight and drain off the extra water. Using a liquidiser or wooden spoon mash the paper and water into a pulp. Put the pulp into a bowl, add an equal volume of water and mix these together. Slide a wire mesh into the mixture and lift it out covered in pulp. Lay a cloth on a clean, flat surface. Place the mesh, with the pulp side down, quickly and carefully onto the cloth. Press it down hard, then peel off, leaving the pulp on the cloth. Put another cloth on top and press down firmly. Repeat these steps with the remaining pulp. Place a plastic bag on the top and weight the pile down. After several hours gently peel the paper off the cloths. Leave the pieces on some kitchen towel until completely dry. The paper should now be ready for use.

Recycling Oil

Many people are still unaware that oil can be recycled. In 1999, 380,000 tonnes of oil were disposed of, sometimes illegally poured down drains where it can be a serious

pollution problem, instead of returning it to garages or local authority collection points. Even a few litres of oil spilled into a lake can produce a thin film over thousands of square metres and kill plants and animals.

What can be done

**** Don't mix up your rubbish. Separate glass, paper, metal and organic waste.***

**** Buy and use recycled paper products wherever possible. A list of stockists is available from Friends of the Earth.***

**** Use your own shopping bag. Do not accept plastic carrier bags every time you shop.***

**** Refuse to buy over-packaged goods. Buy fresh unpackaged food whenever possible.***

Look out for goods in recyclable containers.

**** Contact your local authority and ask about their waste disposal and recycling policies.***

**** Contact Oxfam and other charities to find out what they are collecting.***

Items collected for sale might include aluminium foil, cans, clothing and newspapers.

EDITED BY:

Penelope Vougiouklaki

Eva kapari



It was one sunny day when I decided I would do one of two things. I would go to the island of Aegina and visit an organic pistachio farm that had been written up in the Athens News that weekend, or if the boat schedules did not support this I would walk around Piraeus and make a nice little guide for people stuck there waiting for their ferry or people on cruises who want to explore the surrounding area before venturing into Athens.



So after a couple cups of espresso I walked to the Monastiraki metro station and got on the train to Piraeus. As always I was there in about 15 minutes and as usual it took me another 15 minutes to cross the street. For 20 years I have been wondering about this. In Piraeus you have the ferry boats and the metro station separated by a street where the traffic never stops and yet there are no crosswalks. The light that tells pedestrians when to cross seems to never favor them and when the little man does turn green you can only get half way across the street and are stuck on a traffic island that is about a foot wide with a hundred other people and

traffic whizzing by from both directions. How difficult would it be to build a bridge from the metro station to the dock so people can reach the ferry without risking their lives? And how is it that nobody has thought of this? Well the good news is that somebody had been thinking about this. It was just that they took awhile to execute the plan and there is now a pedestrian bridge that enables you to cross the busiest street in Piraeus in safety and also to stop at the top and have a pretty good view for taking photos.

The boats to the nearby Saronic gulf islands are to the left when one is able to cross the street. The boats have their times posted across the bow or stern, wherever the entrance ramp is,



but the soonest ferry to Aegina was about an hour and a half away. I looked up at the giant skyscraper built during the Military Junta and the proud symbol of the new Piraeus. Few city skylines are dominated by a single building the way this dominates Piraeus and while one might think that it symbolizes prosperity and the economic future of the city.

I then began walking aimlessly through the busy streets, packed with taxis, cars and buses until I could take it no more and flagged down a cab. "Zea" I told the driver thinking that perhaps a walk around the yacht harbor and home

to the fleet of flying dolphins would be more interesting than what I had been doing. Surely the small harbors of Zea and Microlimano have redeeming qualities. The taxi driver was great. He was actually English of Greek extraction and told me a little about Piraeus. Most of the young people hang out in Kastela, the hill between the two small harbors where there are some cafes, nightclubs and discos. He didn't know Athens at all. Piraeus was his scene and I respected him for it.

He dropped me off at Platia Alexander which juts out on a small peninsula at the entrance of Zea marina. The square was in good condition and the outdoor cafes and restaurants were open and people were taking advantage of the beautiful sunny weather, drinking frappes and deep in conversation. I wandered around taking pictures and feeling purposeful. Life was beautiful once again. Just happy people talking and drinking coffee while sailors fixed their boats, taking advantage of the weather.

Just beyond the square, Akti Koundourioti follows the shore of Piraeus above a small beach where there were actually several people swimming. The sea was still and in the distance I could see the planes landing and taking off from the airport and it may as well have been summer instead of the second week of January. It felt good to be alive and I realized that this side of Piraeus had a lot more to offer than the main port. It really is a beautiful place.

I continued walking past Kastela on my left and then followed the small roads down to the harbor of Microlimano, which means small harbor. It was formerly called Turkolimano which means Turkish harbor but after the

invasion of Cyprus they renamed it. They also renamed 'Turkish coffee' to 'Greek coffee', but they left the name 'Turkish toilets' as the last remnant of the 400 year occupation. The harbor is similar to what you would find on a Greek island and is surrounded by restaurants and cafes which are always full when the weather is nice, especially at night during the summer.

So many boats sway gently in the calm secure canals near the Peace and Friendship stadium where, the most popular basketball club of Piraeus, Olympiakos, current European Champion, uses as its own basketball court. Most people in Piraeus are mad about Olympiakos teams and no wonder why.



Piraeus has a lot of attractions but the best route, in my opinion, is just to take a cab to Platia Alexandras or to Microlimano and walk around there, or even follow the coast road of Akti Themistokleous and find a cafe or fish taverna and watch the ferries leave the port. The view and the serene atmosphere will prove to be the best choice you have ever made.

***Written by
Papadimitriou Aristotelis,
Frantzeskaki Georgia.***



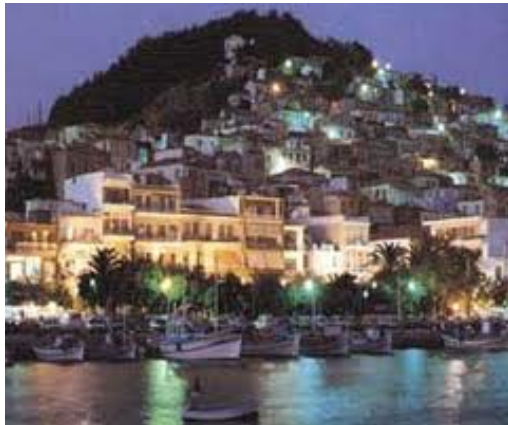
municipal unit in Lesbos. The next largest towns in the municipal unit are Vareia (pop. 1,254), Pámfila (1,247), Mória (1,207), and Loutrá (1,118). The Greek National Road 36 connects Mytilene with Kalloni. Farmlands surround Mytilene, the mountains cover the west and to the north. The airport is located a few kilometres south of town.

Mytilene is a town and a former municipality on the island of Lesbos, North Aegean, Greece. Since the 2011 local government reform it is part of the municipality Lesbos, of which it is a municipal unit. It is the capital of the island of Lesbos. Mytilene, whose name is pre-Greek, is built on the southeast edge of the island. It is also the seat of a metropolitan bishop of the Orthodox church.

History



As an ancient city, lying off the east coast, Mytilene was initially confined to an island that later was joined to Lesbos, creating a north and south harbour. Mytilene contested successfully with Methymna in the north of the island for the leadership of the island in the seventh century BC and became the centre of the island's prosperous hinterland. Her most famous citizens were the poets Sappho and Alcaeus and the statesman Pittacus (one of the Seven Sages of ancient Greece). The city was famed for its great output of electrum coins struck from the late 6th through mid 4th centuries BC. Mytilene revolted against Athens in 428 BC but was overcome by an Athenian expeditionary force. The Athenian public assembly voted to massacre all



Mytilene is located in the southeastern part of the island, north and east of the Bay of Gera. It has a land area of 107.46 square kilometres (41.49 sq mi) and a population of 36,196 inhabitants (2001). With a population density of 336.8/km² it is by far the most densely populated

the men of the city and to sell the women and children into slavery but changed its mind the next day. A fast trireme sailed the 186 nautical miles (344 km) in less than a day and brought the decision to cancel the massacre.



The Romans, among whom was a young Julius Caesar, successfully besieged Mytilene in 80 BC. Although Mytilene supported the losing side in most of the great wars of the first century BC her statesmen succeeded in convincing Rome of her support of the new ruler of the Mediterranean and the city flourished in Roman times.

In AD 56 Paul the Apostle stopped there on the return trip of his third missionary journey (Acts 20:14). The novel *Daphnis and Chloe*, by Longus, is set in the country around it and opens with a description of the city.



In the Middle Ages, it was part of the Byzantine Empire. It was occupied for some time by the Seljuqs under Tzachas of Smyrna in 1085. In 1198, the Republic of Venice obtained the right to commerce from the city's port. In the 13th century, it was captured by the Emperor of Nicaea, Theodore I Laskaris. In 1335 the Byzantines, with the help of Ottoman forces, reconquered the island, then property of the Genoese nobleman Domenico Cattaneo. In 1354 emperor John V Palaiologos ceded Chios to the Genoese adventurer Francesco Gattilusio, who renovated the fortress in 1373. It remained in Genoese hands until 1453, when it was captured by the Ottoman sultan Mehmed II.



EDITED BY STELLA KARYSTINO

Bullying No Way! – Anti bullying day



Anti-Bullying Day (a.k.a. Pink Shirt Day) is a day celebrated during the last Wednesday of the month February in Canada, which originally started as a protest against a bullying incident at a Nova Scotia high school (Central Kings Rural High School). On this day, people participate wear pink to symbolize a stand against bullying. The original event was organized by David Shepherd, and Travis Price of Berwick, Nova Scotia, who in 2007 bought and distributed 50 pink shirts after a male ninth grade student was bullied for wearing a pink shirt during the first day of school.

In 2008, the then Premier of British Columbia, Gordon Campbell proclaimed February 27 to be the provincial anti-bullying day. It was then celebrated on February 25 in 2009. In 2009, the boys and girls club work on pink T-shirts that say "Bullying Stops Here." and "Pink Shirt Day" for Anti-Bullying Day.

Anti-Bullying Day consists of a number of different fun activities that can be held at schools, work places, or anywhere acceptable. Some of the known activities are: People can invite local bands to perform in the name of abolishing bullying. It is encouraged

that the bands write a song about preventing bullying. The crowd can then get involved by voting on the best song, based on creativity and focus.

Competitions: Students can create an anti-bullying message presented in an imaginative way e.g. on a t-shirt, poster, bumper sticker, pocket card, badge, or magnet. Then display these messages for the community to see, such as at the school, in neighborhoods, anywhere you can think of to spread the word.

Information: People can partner up, help create a booth on a certain group, organization, or information on bullying to help the community in understanding how bad bullying can be, and what organizations are out there, such as Tune it Out, and much more.

Shirt and Hat Stall: This stand can consist of shirts and other clothing items with messages that spread love not hate. They can be self-made and designed by the community, or ordered from a different site, either way it gets the message across. This Stall can help get the word out about not bullying, one person can change many, many can change a state, a state can change the nation, and the nation can change the world.

Beading stall: Beading is fun and provides a way for young people to wear their anti-bullying message in a cool way. Local Craft stores, bead shops, or anywhere else you can think of may be able to donate beads for the cause, it is always worth a try. Beading can help relieve stress, while still spreading anti-bullying messages.

Edited by Tempeli Katerina.

World Environment Day



World Environment Day ('WED') is celebrated every year on 5 June to raise global awareness of the need to take positive environmental action. It is run by the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP).

It was the day that United Nations Conference on the Human Environment began. The United Nations Conference on the Human Environment was from 5–16 June 1972. It was established by the United Nations General Assembly in 1972. The first World Environment Day was in 1973. World Environment Day is hosted every year by a different city with a different theme and is commemorated with an international exposition in the week of 5 June. World Environment Day is in spring in the Northern Hemisphere and fall in the Southern Hemisphere.



"Stockholm was without a doubt the landmark event in the growth of international environmentalism", writes John McCormick in the book *Reclaiming Paradise*. "It was the first occasion on

which the political, social and economic problems of the global environment were discussed at an intergovernmental forum with a view to actually taking corrective action."

World Environment Day is similar to Earth Day.

World Water Day - 22 March



World Water Day is held annually on 22 March as a means of focusing attention on the importance of freshwater and advocating for the sustainable management of freshwater resources.

An international day to celebrate freshwater was recommended at the 1992 United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED). The United Nations General Assembly responded by designating 22 March 1993 as the first World Water Day.

Each year, World Water Day highlights a specific aspect of freshwater. In 2013, in reflection of the International Year of Water Cooperation, World Water Day is also dedicated to the theme of cooperation around water and is coordinated by UNESCO in collaboration with UNECE and UNDESA on behalf of UN-Water.

Edited by Stella Karystinou.

Graffiti



Graffiti is writing or drawings that have been scribbled, scratched, or sprayed illicitly on a wall or other surface in a public place. Graffiti ranges from simple written words to elaborate wall paintings, and it has existed since ancient times, with examples dating back to Ancient Egypt, Ancient Greece, and the Roman Empire.

In modern times, paint, particularly spray paint, and marker pens have become the most commonly used graffiti materials. In most countries, marking or painting property without the property owner's consent is considered defacement and vandalism, which is a punishable crime.

Graffiti may also express underlying social and political messages and a whole genre of artistic expression is based upon spray paint graffiti styles. Within hip hop culture, graffiti has evolved alongside hip hop music, b-boying, and other elements. Unrelated to hip-hop graffiti, gangs use their own form of graffiti to mark territory or to serve as an indicator of gang-related activities.

Controversies that surround graffiti continue to create disagreement amongst city officials, law enforcement, and writers who wish to display and appreciate work in

public locations. There are many different types and styles of graffiti and it is a rapidly developing art form whose value is highly contested and reviled by many authorities while also subject to protection, sometimes within the same jurisdiction.

Street performance



Street performance or busking is the practice of performing in public places, for gratuities, which are generally in the form of money and edibles. People engaging in this practice are called street performers, buskers, street musicians, minstrels, or troubadours.

Street performance dates back to antiquity, and occurs all over the world.

Performances can be just about anything that people find entertaining. Performers may do acrobatics, animal tricks, balloon twisting, card tricks, caricatures, clowning, comedy, contortions, escapology, dance, singing, fire skills, flea circus, fortune-telling, juggling, magic, mime, living statue, musical performance, puppeteering, snake charming, storytelling or reciting poetry or prose, street art such as sketching and painting, street theatre, sword swallowing.

Written by Gogo Parasxou.

8MILE



8Mile is a 2002 American hip-hop drama film written by Scott Silver, directed by Curtis Hanson, and starring Eminem, Mekhi Phifer, Brittany Murphy, Taryn Manning, and Kim Basinger.

The film is an account of a young white rapper named Jimmy "B-Rabbit" Smith Jr. (Eminem) living in inner city Detroit, Michigan set in 1995, and his attempt to launch a rap career in a genre dominated by African Americans.

Filmed mostly on location in Detroit and its surrounding areas, the film was a critical and financial success. Eminem won the Academy Award for Best Original Song for "Lose Yourself," the song which was iconic to this film. A decade after its release, *Vibe* magazine called the film a "hip-hop movie masterpiece."

EDITED BY:

**KOUNTOUROGIANNIS CHRISTOS
IZATOULIN MIKOLAS**

THE TITANIC

<<The titanic>> is mostly a romantic film based on real facts. The

film stars, Leonardo Di Caprio, who has played in many other successful films and Kate Winslet, who is also a very successful actress.

Kate Winslet plays the role of Rose, a beautiful young rich woman who decides to go on a voyage on <<Titanic>> which makes its first and also its last voyage. Leonardo plays the part of Jack, a handsome but poor man who gains a ticket to embark on the ship by chance. During the voyage, they meet each other and they fall in love at first sight. A big love story begins.

The plot is excellent with great cohesion between the scenes. Moreover, the acting is marvellous and quite believable.

<<The Titanic>> is definitely worth seeing. I would strongly recommend it especially to all these who like love stories.

Written by Apostolidou Irene



THE LORD OF THE RINGS



The Lord of the Rings is an adventurous, science fiction film from Talking. The film stars are Frodo Baggins and his fellowship Legolas, Aragorn, Gimli, Gandalf, Pippin, Merry and Sam.

Frodo plays the part of a hobbit, a little man who must transfer a gold ring to the volcano of Mordor. Frodo, in the story has a peaceful and quiet life, until he is volunteered to destroy the ring. Then his problems start, because the ring makes him lose his mind due to the magic it hides. However, not only the ring causes him problems, but also orcs and the smog make his life a living hell. Furthermore, the fellowship of Frodo plays an important part as they try to protect Frodo and they help him to transfer the ring to the volcano.

The plot is not always believable, but the mounting suspense

and the wonderful special effects make the audience feel excited.

I would strongly recommend it to everyone, especially to the fans of Talking's earlier books.

Written by Tassos Petritis

Sherlock Holmes

"Sherlock Holmes: A game of shadow" is a mystery thriller film sequel directed by Guy Ritchie. The leading character, played by Robert Downey, continues from where the original film left off.

Holmes and his sidekick Dr Watson, played by Jude Law, are trying to track down professor Moriarty, a man they believe is responsible for a sinister chain of events that has occurred around the world. The plot of the sequel is less detailed than the original, but Downey is even more action-packed.

Downey and Law give fine performance as the clever literary heroes. The actor's chemistry is perfect and the 19th century sets and customs are superbly researched. Their performances are enhanced by a talented cast and spectacular visual effects. The soundtrack suits the pace of the film and adds to the excitement.

Sherlock Holmes: A game of Shadow is a hugely entertaining film with continuous action and lots of humor. I enjoyed a lot and I would highly recommend it to action film fans.

WRITTEN BY CHRISTOS NESTOR

“Upside Down : Two Worlds One Future “



is a romantic and science-fiction film directed by Juan Diego Solanas. The movie was released in 2012. The main characters are Jim Sturgess and Kristen Dunst.

To begin with, Kristen plays the part of Eva and Jim plays the role of Adam. They fall in love but they both live in different worlds. The world of “ Up ” and “ down ”. These worlds are enemies. Adam and Eva will do everything for their love.

Moreover, the plot is very believable, the amazing script and superb performances are bound to appeal to audiences of all ages. The soundtracks is wonderful and some times touching. The acting of the leading actors is great too.

To sum up, “Upside Down” is an awesome and highly emotional movie. I would strongly recommend this film to everyone.

***Written by Sara Tseliku
Maria Schiza.***

One piece is a pretty old animation movie and a series too,

produced between 1997-99 by a well-known Japanese producer.

It is set in Japan , in an era when pirates used to be threats for the civilians in the country. An ocean full of pirates, marines and dangers is where the main scene is taking place. The plot of the movie is very exciting and the story starts when Monkey D. Luffy decides to become a pirate and conquer the seas of the whole world having promised to a friend of his that his make his dream come true. Moreover, having the age of 19 years old, Luffy decides to find and collect his crew (“nakamas” in Japanese)(the main characters and also members of the Straw Hats Pirate crew are: Luffy, Zoro, Nami, Sanji, Usopp, Chopper, Robin, Franky, and Brook) and follow his dream. Each one of his future crew members have his own ambitions and dreams for following Luffy with his ship.

The dangers and the troubles that the crew will have and overcome are plenty and they keep continue as the story of the movie hadn’t come to an end yet... The suspense is endless and the special effects that are used are excellent and look so real. However, the only drawback of the movie is that it may seem a bit far-fetched in some parts.

To conclude, I would really recommend the One Piece movie and the series too for every anime lover and for the ones that really love action movies too! It is just a great animation, maybe the best one of its kind.

***Written by
Christodoulou Th.***



Coraline is an animation film by the award winning director Tim Burton .

The film starts with the main character Coraline, a ten years old girl and her lovely family. Her parent's have decided to move to another region and house. They went to a village far away from the city and bought a house named pink palace. Coraline hated this village and she was unhappy because nobody lived there and everything was dark.

The days passed and she didn't find anything interesting to do. Her parents worked too hard and couldn't pay any attention to her. One day while she was sitting at the living room and bored ,suddenly a little blue door opened from the wall and Coraline got scared but she went in and saw her home but more happy than her real one. Everything seemed perfect and she met another father and mother who passed more time with her than their work. The new parent's didn't have eyes but black buttons and were very strange. Every night Coraline went to her other house but something changed things and everything started to seem too bad.

I would strongly recommend it to everyone especially fans of animation films. This films had a lot of suspense that you would love.

Written by
NEFELI MARIA TZOUVELEKI.

Step up 3 is a musical – dance movie which starts with the main character Adam Sevani who plays Moose in the movie , a young guy who dances amazingly and he is taking his degree on engineering . Also there is one more main character Luke who is the leader of "Pirates", a big dance crew that is made from homeless people that Luke found in the streets dancing and they made a big house for training and they called it "The Crypt".

In the beginning we see Moose battling with Kid Darkness an amazing dancer from the rival group "Samurai" . After beating him Luke tells Moose to join the pirates team and he accepts. Their main target is to win the world dance championship and the money to keep "The crypt" from being taken by the bank. Luke also meets a girl in the club and he has a crush on her. She joins pirates soon but Luke learns something that hurts his feelings.. that's a surprise of the movie .

The plot is very nice the script is awesome the actors are acting amazingly the music is quite good cause its musical . It has also romantic clues because Luke loves the girl who meets in the club , it is also sad because the group splits up after a difficult situation and it's a good movie to watch for alla ages . I suggest you to watch it , you will enjoy it.

Written by
Kostas Katsoulas.

Linkin Park

Linkin Park is an American rock band from Agoura Hills, California. Formed in 1996, the band rose to international fame with their debut album *Hybrid Theory*, which was certified Diamond by the RIAA in 2005 and multi-platinum in several other countries. Their following studio album *Meteora*, continued the band's success, topping the Billboard 200 album chart in 2003, and was followed by extensive touring and charity work around the world. In 2003, MTV2 named Linkin Park the sixth-greatest band of the music video era and the third-best of the new millennium. Billboard ranked Linkin Park No. 19 on the Best Artists of the Decade chart. The band was recently voted as the greatest artist of '00s in a Bracket Madness poll VH1.



Having adapted nu metal and rap metal to a radio-friendly yet densely layered style in *Hybrid Theory* and *Meteora*, the band explored other genres in their next studio album *Minutes to Midnight* (2007). The album topped the Billboard charts and had the third-best debut week of any album that year. The band continued to explore a wider variation of musical types in their fourth album *A Thousand Suns* (2010), layering their music with more

electronic sounds and beats. Their most recent work *Living Things* (2012) combines musical elements from all of their previous records. The band has collaborated with several other artists, most notably with rapper Jay-Z in their mashup EP *Collision Course*, and many others on *Reanimation*. Linkin Park has sold over 50 million albums worldwide and has won two Grammy Awards. They have also collaborated with Busta Rhymes on one song called "We Made It" and it was released as a cd single.

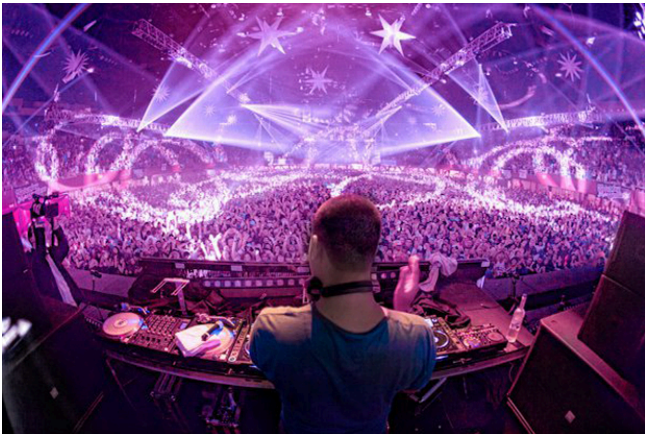


(Linkin Park in 2001)

Linkin Park is

- 1) Chester Bennington – main vocals (1998-present)
- 2) Mike Shinoda – vocals, rhythm guitar, keyboards, piano (1996-present)
- 3) Brad Delson – lead guitar (1996-present)
- 4) Rob Bourdon – drums, percussion (1996-present)
- 5) Dave 'Phoenix' Farrel – bass guitar, backing vocals (1996-1998, 2001-present)
- 6) Joe Hahn – turntables, samples, programming, keyboards (1996-present)

EDITED BY EFI RAPANTZIKOU



Electronic music is music that employs electronic musical instruments and electronic music technology in its production. In general a distinction can be made between sound produced using electromechanical means and that produced using electronic technology. Examples of electromechanical sound producing devices include the, Hammond organ, and the electric guitar. Purely electronic sound production can be achieved using devices such as the Theremin, sound synthesizer, and computer.

Electronic music was once associated almost exclusively with Western art music but from the late 1960s on the availability of affordable music technology meant that music produced using electronic means became increasingly common in the popular domain. Today electronic music includes many varieties and ranges from experimental art music to popular forms such as electronic dance music.



Hip hop music, also called **hip-hop**, **rap music**, or **hip-hop music**, is a music genre consisting of a stylized rhythmic music that commonly accompanies rapping, a rhythmic and rhyming speech that is chanted. It developed as part of hip hop culture, a subculture defined by four key stylistic elements: Mcing/rapping, DJing/scratching, break dancing, and graffiti writing. Other elements include sampling (or synthesis), and beatboxing

While often used to refer to rapping, "hip hop" more properly denotes the practice of the entire subculture. The term *hip hop music* is sometimes used synonymously with the term *rap music*, though rapping is not a required component of hip hop music; the genre may also incorporate other elements of hip hop culture, including DJing and scratching, beatboxing, and instrumental tracks.



**STREET
SOUNDS**

Written by
Christos Kountourogiannis
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Charlie Chaplin



Sir Charles Spencer Chaplin, Jr. (16 April 1889 to 25 December 1977), known by the nickname Charlie, and especially in Greece, with the name "Charles", was an English actor and director, who flourished in the first decades of Hollywood. It chronicles the world's first recognizable figure of cinematic art, especially through the character of Charles, who incarnated in the first films.

In the period 1912 - 1918 developed the talent of many small comedies of the silent cinema, creating the type of Charles. He not only starred but was also a screenwriter, director and composer of music for films. Global recognition came through feature films such as *Modern Times*, *The Great Dictator*, *City Lights*, *Mr. Verdini* and others, who ranked among the most important creators of the seventh art. In 1952, at the height of the Cold War and the Blacklist, fell into disfavor because of his leftist political beliefs.

While traveling to London, he learned the decision of the U.S. Department of Justice to withdraw the visa and therefore the right of return. After this incident remained permanently in Europe and more specifically in Vevey, Switzerland, where he died on 25 December 1977. During this time he traveled to America only once, in 1972, to receive a special honorary Oscar for his contribution to the seventh art, winning the longest applause of the history of the awards. The American Film Institute has placed tenth in the list of 25 greatest superstar of all time.

His first year Charles Spencer Chaplin was born on April 16, 1889 in London. His parents, Charles and Hannah Chaplin Harriet Hill Pentligkcham were music hall performers. His father was an alcoholic and a year after the birth of Charlie left his wife and their two children, Charlie and his older brother, Sidney, who was born out of wedlock. Shortly afterwards Hannah showed health problems left her career and began working as a seamstress. As we did not have enough money and her ex husband rarely helped them financially, forced to live with her children in various departments under miserable conditions. In 1895 he entered into an asylum poor in Lambeth and her two children were transferred to a school for orphans and abandoned children who had their worst memories. Three years later, after the mother went into the lunatic asylum Gil Kane, their father took a court decision on custody. But life Charles and Sidney has not changed substantially since their father continued to drink, and the two grew

up with their father's mistress who was also an alcoholic. Again later lived for a time with their mother, who came from temporary asylum, while Charles Chaplin Señor died at age 37 from alcohol and various diseases. In May 1903 Hannah reentered the asylum and little Charlie moved with his brother in an apartment.

Charlie Chaplin came out for the first time on stage at the age of five, when his mother still had not given up her career to replace one night I was sick, performing comical way with a song-hit burst into applause. Later, with mediation of his father, he became a member of the children's troupe of eight lads Lancashire with a salary half crown a week. In July 1903 Charlie was a member of a troupe and played in the show Jim, the novel one Londoner in which impersonated one hooligan on the streets of London. Then he played the police comedy Sherlock Holmes was so successful. In September 1905 the troupe went on tour in the U.S. but Charlie. In July 1906 Sidney was hired by the famous music hall impresario Fred's checkbook and Charlie troupe at Casey's Court Circus. Two years later, Charlie and he joined the troupe of the checkbook and made the drunkard in a pantomime performance at Mumming Birds. To autumn of 1910 Charlie traveled with the troupe in America at the end of next year he returned to England, and after his mother moved to a better institution gone again the same troupe to America where he remained many years.

In June 1917, Chaplin signed with Nacional Ferst \$ 1,000,000 contract. Working with this company

started with the movie Dog's life, followed by Charles soldier, the day of payment and the Pilgrim.

In August 1920 Chaplin completed the gamin, his first feature film, which cost \$ 300,000, and although not initially attracted the attention of distributors in America, had great success around the world. The film, which combines satire with the tragic element is strong memories of a difficult childhood Chaplin. In 1925 he turned the Prospector, film is one of the best films of all time, which cost 650,000 and grossed more than \$ 5,000,000. And here coexists tragic with the comic element, but the surreal madness and adventure. Chaplin began shooting the film starring the teenage actress Lolita McMurray, but eventually replaced by Georgia Hale and if forced to return much of the movie scenes. Three years later followed the Circus, in which the hero fails as a professional clown in front of spectators, but causes laughter as Charles, in his everyday life. The Circus coincided with the screening of the first movie with sound (jazz singer) and Chaplin, although he stated that hates the talkies and eliminate the great beauty of silence, invested musical (he wrote the music) and made selective use sounds in the next film (City lights-1931). In 1936 he returned to modern times, the film in which she appeared for the last time as the co-star with Charles Paulette Godard.

The first non-silent film, The Great dictator (1940), was a defiance against Nazism. Filmed and released in America a year before joining the Second World War. Chaplin playing the role of Antenoint Chinkel (Adenoid

Hynkel), dictator TOMAN, character based on Adolf Hitler, who was less than Chaplin only 4 days. The film also participated Jack Oaks in the role of Benzino Napaloni (Benzino Napaloni), dictator of Bacteria, satirizing the Italian dictator Benito Mussolini. The Paulette Godard collaborated again with Chaplin pretense of a woman in the ghetto. The film was seen as an act of courage and bravery in the political environment of the time, mainly for the humiliation of Nazism and the depiction of Jewish characters and prosecution. Besides Chinkel, Chaplin also played the role of a Jewish barber who is persecuted by the regime, while an astonishing resemblance to Chinkel. Essentially, the role of the barber portrayed his character "Aletes." In the end, the two characters played by Chaplin, through a complex plot exchanging positions, and the barber eliminates comedic persona to pull out, addressing the audience, an excellent reason to denouncing dictatorship, greed, hate and intolerance, praising the freedom and human brotherhood. The film was nominated for an Oscar for Best Picture, Best Screenplay and Best Actor in A.

In 1947, in a strongly negative sentiment for him, and while several conservative politicians demanded his expulsion, he filmed *The Lord Verdi*. Although the cause of the Chaplin film inspired by Landry, a French assassin rich ladies, it was obvious that the film was intended to negative aspects of American society. Cinema owners received pressure not to screen the film which finally had resounding commercial failure. Instead, the film *Limelight*, a film on the aging and

death, which was completed five years later, was a great commercial success, but outside of America, where many exhibitors still not showing the film.

Chaplin's personal life

In the life of Charlie Chaplin were many women. Chaplin was married four times, all with colleagues. Besides the four marriages also had many other relationships. A total of 11 children became one of the first marriage, who died a few days after birth, two in the second and eight in the fourth, with the OVA, daughter of Eugene O'Neill, and when the marriage took place in 1943, was just 18 years. This marriage lasted thirty-four years, until his death in Chaplin.

As with many of Chaplin's films undermine negative aspects of American society, various social groups thought that affected his work and looking for excuses to beat him. So when a former mistress of actress, Joan Barry, moved in with a gun in his house threatening to kill him and then kill himself and then asked to recognize that legal father of the child who was to give birth was Chaplin Puritan women's organizations, links of old soldiers and FBI itself supported it. Eventually the court ruled in her Bari, although the blood test done to prove if Chaplin was the father was negative.

EDITED BY STELLA KARYSTINOU

-Cracking your knuckles does not actually hurt your bones or cause arthritis. The sound you hear is just gas bubbles bursting.

Cracking your knuckles (or any of your joints) can have therapeutic benefits. When you crack one of your joints you are pulling the bones that are connected at the joint apart from each other. This process stimulates your tendons, relaxes your muscles, and loosens your joints. Chiropractors do this for spinal joints when your back is sore and stiff, but you can do this on your own for your knuckles, toes, knees, neck, etc.

Unfortunately, there can be too much of a good thing. **Cracking your knuckles will never lead to arthritis** (despite what your mom keeps telling you), but scientists have discovered that it can cause tissue damage in the affected joints. Knuckle-cracking pulls your finger bones apart which stretches your ligaments. **Too much stretching of your ligaments will cause damage to your fingers akin to the arm injuries sustained by a baseball pitcher who throws too many pitches.** In addition to making your hand really sore, this ligament damage can also result in reduced grip strength.

How does this work? Your joints, the places in your body where you can bend, are where your bones intersect and are held together by ligaments. These joints are surrounded by a liquid called synovial fluid. When you stretch your ligaments by pulling the bones apart to crack your knuckles a gas in the synovial fluid escapes and

turns into a bubble. This process is called cavitation. Cavitation ends when the bubble eventually bursts, producing that popping sound we know and love. After that, your joints won't be able to crack for another 25-30 minutes while the gas gets reabsorbed into the synovial fluid.

-Four is the only number that has the same amount of letters as its actual value

-You're more likely to die on your way to buy a lottery ticket than you are to actually win the lottery.

-When you laugh while being tickled, what you are experiencing is actually a form of panic.

- Yawning is contagious. Even thinking about yawning is enough. In fact, there's a 50% that you're about to, or just did, yawn.

-Those stars and colors you see when you rub your eyes are called phosphenes.

Have you ever closed your eyes, rubbed them and seen stars? Or at least little pops of light? It turns out that those pops of light have a name: phosphenes.

They are a phenomenon characterized by seeing light without light actually entering the eye. This rubbing mechanically stimulates the cells of the retina causing this effect. Sometimes, these phosphenes can still be seen for moments after you open your eyes.

Meditators have also reported experiencing phosphenes, and they have actually been known since antiquity. Ancient Greeks described them. Other reasons people 'see stars' are because of sneezing, coughing, blowing your nose or receiving a blow to the head.

-Grapes EXPLODE when you put them in the microwave!

-Kissing someone for one minute burns about 2 calories.

-Racecar is a Palindrome

A palindrome is a word, phrase, number or other sequence of elements that has the same meaning read forward or backwards. The word itself comes from the Greek roots *palin* meaning "again" and *dromos* meaning "way" or "direction."

Some examples of a palindrome would be the name "Hannah" or the word "madam." The word "racecar" is also a palindrome. Forward or back, it still reads the same.

-A seashell next to your ear is the sound of your blood surging, not the ocean.

-you CAN tickle YOURSELF! The only place you can tickle yourself is the top of your mouth. TRY IT.

-"When you blush, the lining of your stomach also turns red."It seems it also feels shy, nervous and embarrassed.

-Albert Einstein left his first wife for his COUSIN.

-Your earlobes are in line with your nipples.

-Over 2500 left-handed people a year are killed from using equipment made for right-handed people.

-If a statue in the park of a person on a horse has both front legs in the air, the person died in battle



-Each of the main characters in Spongebob Squarepants was inspired by one of the seven deadly sins

1. Greed (**Mr. Krabs**)
2. Envy (**Plankton**)
3. Sloth (**Patrick**)
4. Pride (**Sandy**)
5. Wrath (**Squidward**)
6. Gluttony (**Gary**)
7. Lust (**Spongebob**)

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